

***Polished Concrete
Surface Repair
and Joint Treatment***

*Presented by
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Retailers, schools and many other buildings that previously received tile or other floor coverings are increasingly moving towards stained and/or polished concrete floors.



Many retailers and warehouse clubs who have already been using concrete as a showroom surface are now repairing, restoring and refinishing these surfaces...

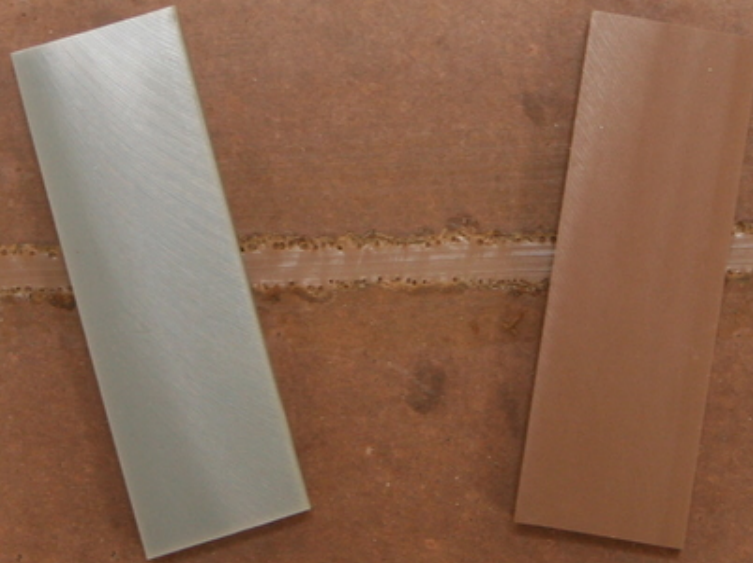


A polished concrete floor serves as both the work surface and the show room surface for a retailer...

***Traditional “functional”
repairs will often not meet
aesthetic expectations...***



***Surface repair materials and joint fillers
must meet both performance and
aesthetic demands...***





Repair materials and finished condition of repairs must blend in as seamlessly as possible...



***Meeting the
Owner's
Expectations
with
Color Matched
Surface and
Joint Repairs***

Best color match is often subjective...have owner and/or GC sign off on color selection to ensure expectations are met.



Hint: When in doubt, darker is often better...



Confirm long term color stability of repair materials with manufacturer.



Don't count on repair materials accepting or maintaining stain. Stain will often fade and/or be removed with regular scrubbing.

If floor is to be heavily polished, do your color match AFTER the slab surface has been opened up with the first metals pass.

Surface Repairs

- **Surface Pitting & Pop-outs**
- **Bolt Holes & Surface Spalls**
- **Random Cracks**
- **Joint Repair/Treatment**

Multiple Surface Pitting



***Clean surface pits with a soft wire wheel
to remove loose debris; vacuum clean.***





Over apply pre-colored low viscosity structural urethane/polyurea or epoxy

- Use notched trowel to break surface tension and ensure slight overfill***
- Allow material to cure and remove overfill with metals or 100-200 resin pads***

Finished Repair Example

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Finished Repair Example



Bolt Holes & Surface Spalls



Bolt Holes & Surface Spalls



- Use soft wire wheel/brush to loosen debris and clean defect. Vacuum clean.

Bolt Holes & Surface Spalls

- Slightly overfill with pre-colored or clear low viscosity urethane/epoxy. If using colored aggregates or grinder dust, mix in with material or place prior to material set.

Bolt Holes & Surface Spalls



- Allow material to cure into solid.***
- Check with manufacturer for earliest recommended grind time.***

Bolt Holes & Surface Spalls

- Grind overfill off using medium grit finishing pad or disc.***

Bolt Holes & Surface Spalls

-Ensure finished repair is flush with surface.

Finished Repair Example



A close-up photograph of a concrete surface showing several irregular, jagged cracks. The cracks are dark and run across the light-colored, speckled concrete. The text 'Random Cracks' is overlaid in the center in a bright green, bold, italicized font with a blue outline.

Random Cracks

General Guidelines & Typical National Repair Specifications

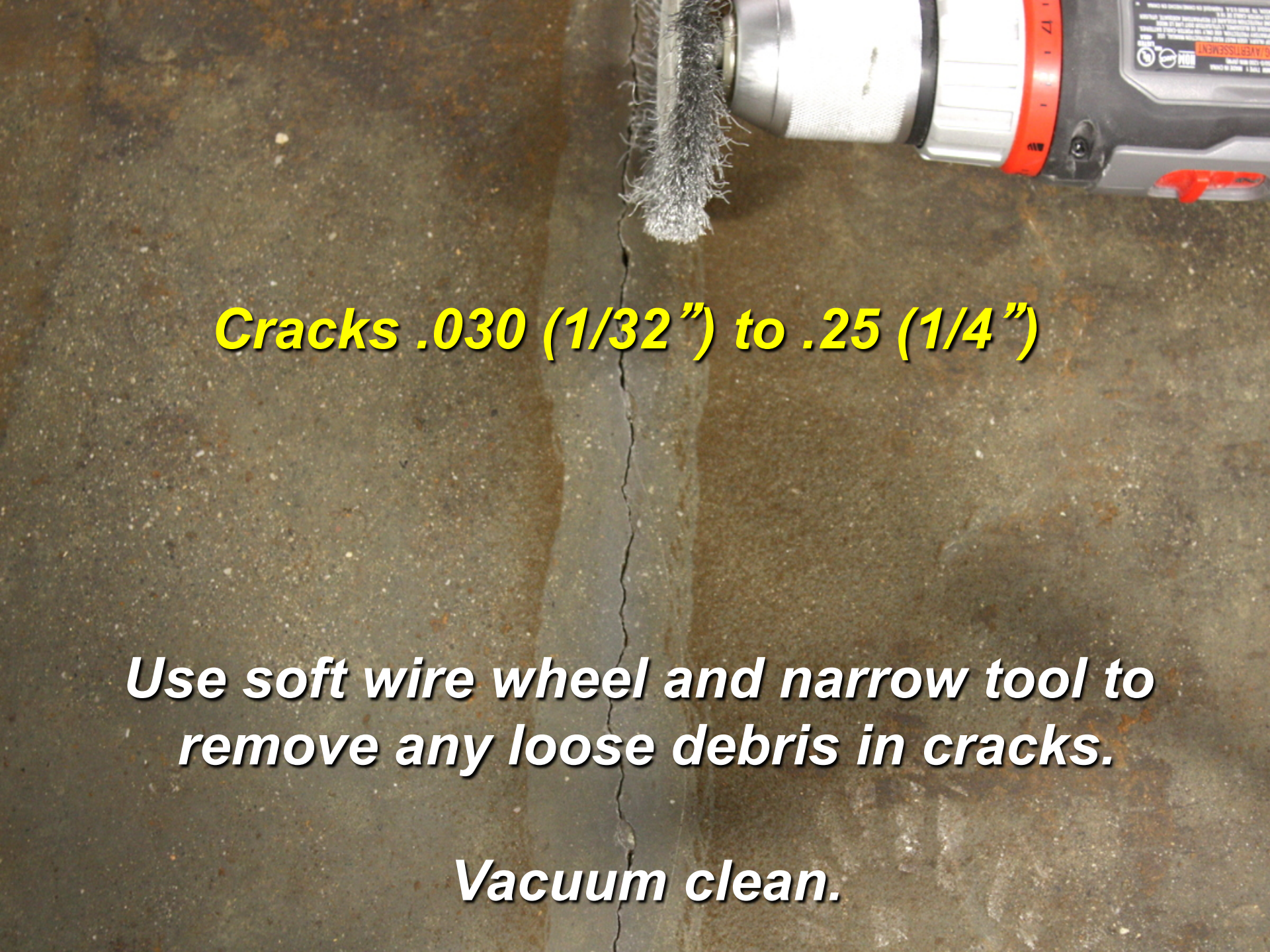
Less than .030 (1/32")
No Repair Needed

.030 (1/32") - .25 (1/4")

Do not open, fill with pre-colored or clear structural urethane or epoxy

.25 (1/4") or Greater

Chase out to nominal depth of 1/2" – 3/4"; fill with colored semi-rigid polyurea or epoxy




Cracks .030 (1/32") to .25 (1/4")

***Use soft wire wheel and narrow tool to
remove any loose debris in cracks.***

Vacuum clean.

Cracks .030 (1/32") to .25 (1/4")

A close-up photograph showing a person's hand holding a syringe-like applicator. The applicator is a long, thin, clear plastic tube with a white and green handle. It is being used to dispense a brownish, viscous sealant into a crack in a light-colored concrete surface. The crack is roughly horizontal and runs across the middle of the frame. The background is a textured concrete floor.

Pre-colored/clear LV urethane or epoxy:

- Slightly overfill crack***
- Monitor for seepage and refill as needed***
- Allow to cure***

Cracks .030 (1/32") to .25 (1/4")

Clear LV urethane or epoxy:

- **Install base pass**
- **Add colored aggregates/grinding dust prior to material's initial set**
- **Allow to cure**

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Cracks .030 (1/32") to .25 (1/4")

Finish flush with floor surface

- Use medium grit finishing pads/discs
- Razor off overflow IF product allows while leaving a smooth, flush profile

Note: Many do not...

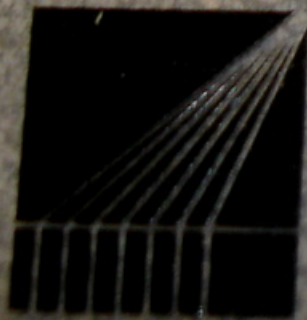
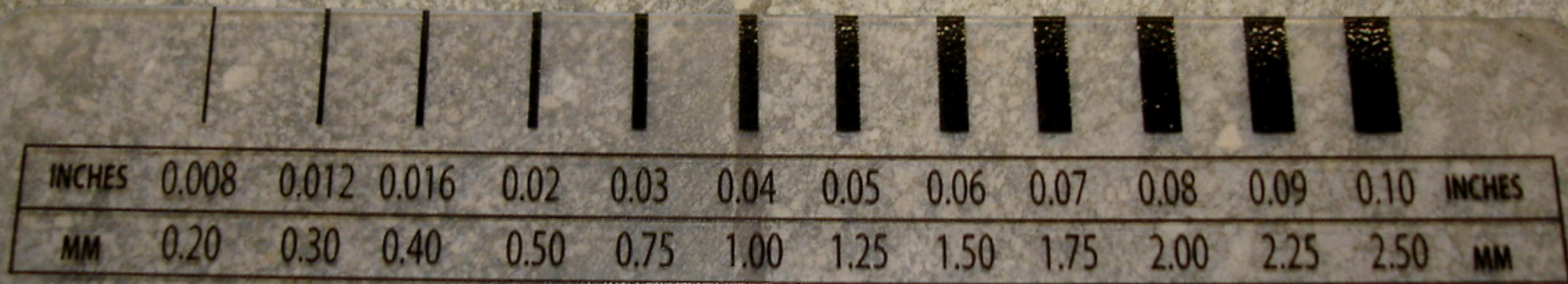
Cracks .030 (1/32") to .25 (1/4")

Finished Repair Example



Cracks .030 (1/32") to .25 (1/4")

Finished Repair Example



Industry Standard Industrial Floor
Joint Fillers and Repair Products

800-223-6680

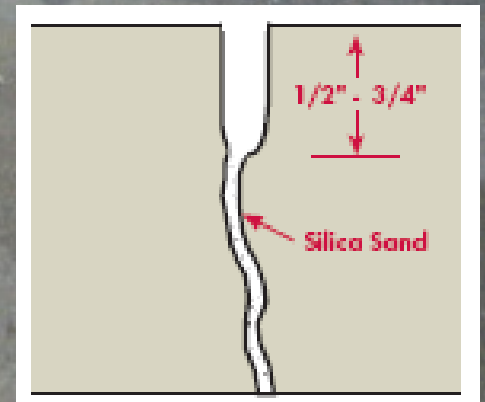


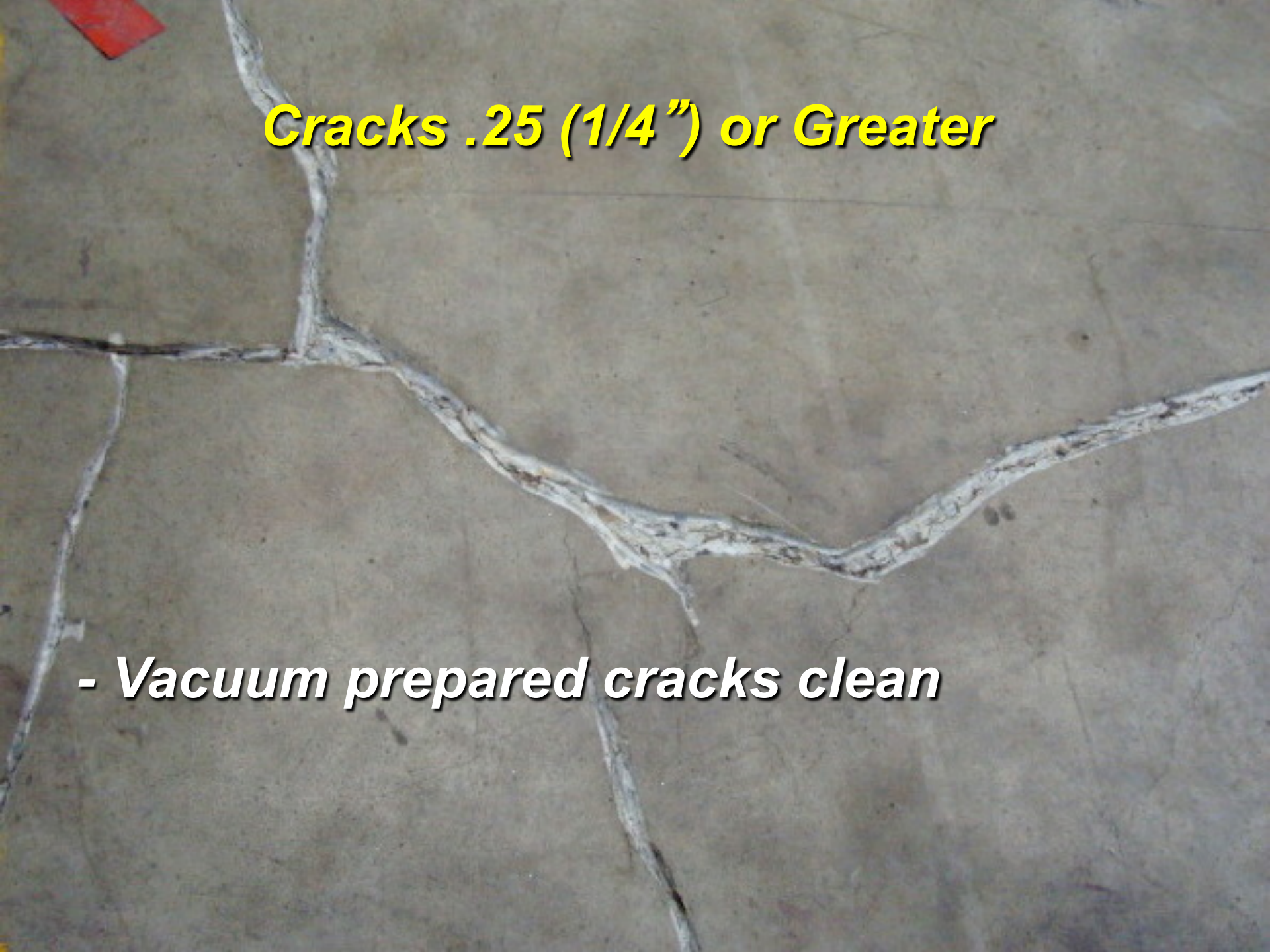
Cracks .25 (1/4") or Greater

- Use narrow tool to remove any loose sections/islands

Cracks $.25$ ($1/4$ ") or Greater

- Chase crack out using dustless angle grinder or crack chasing saw equipped with "U" or "V" shaped diamond blade





Cracks .25 (1/4") or Greater

- Vacuum prepared cracks clean

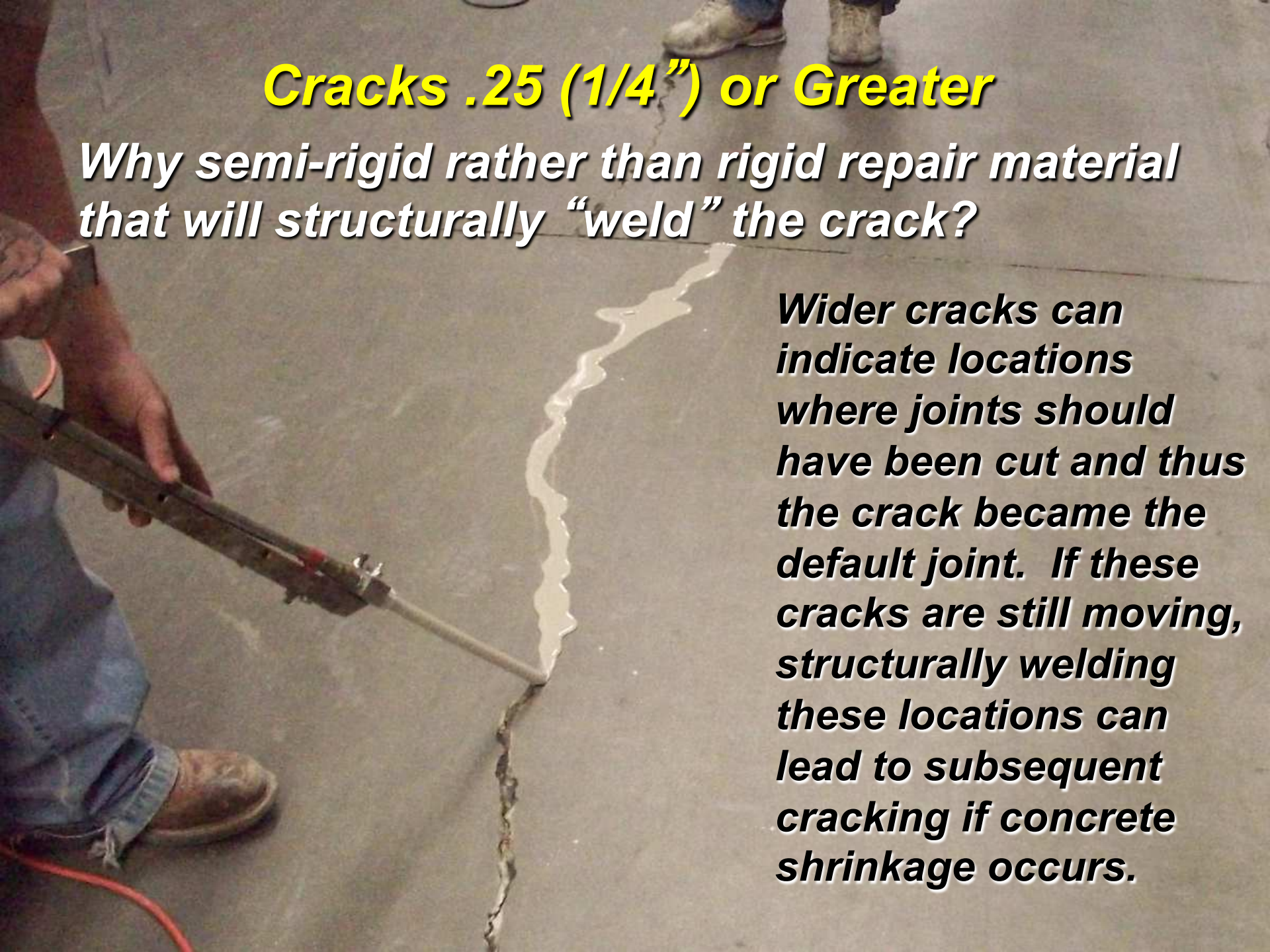
Cracks .25 (1/4") or Greater

- Fill with pre-colored semi-rigid polyurea or epoxy filler and allow to cure***
- Razor or grind off excess flush with floor surface***

Cracks .25 (1/4") or Greater

Why semi-rigid rather than rigid repair material that will structurally "weld" the crack?

Wider cracks can indicate locations where joints should have been cut and thus the crack became the default joint. If these cracks are still moving, structurally welding these locations can lead to subsequent cracking if concrete shrinkage occurs.



Joint Repair



General Guidelines & Typical National Specifications

***Joint Repair Width Less than 1”
Semi-Rigid Polyurea or Epoxy***

***Filler Separation Greater than .030
Replace Top ½” of Filler, All Filler if
Original Filler Was Installed Improperly***

***Joint Repair Width Greater than 1”
Structural Epoxy Rebuild/Renosing***

Pre-Joint Filling Considerations

Potential for Staining/Surface Etching

- Some fillers may leave stain/film***
- Some fillers may dull or lift “guard” type surface products or other polished surface treatments***



Solution:

Perform test; use stain prevention films or tape/mask joints prior to filling

Pre-Joint Filling Considerations

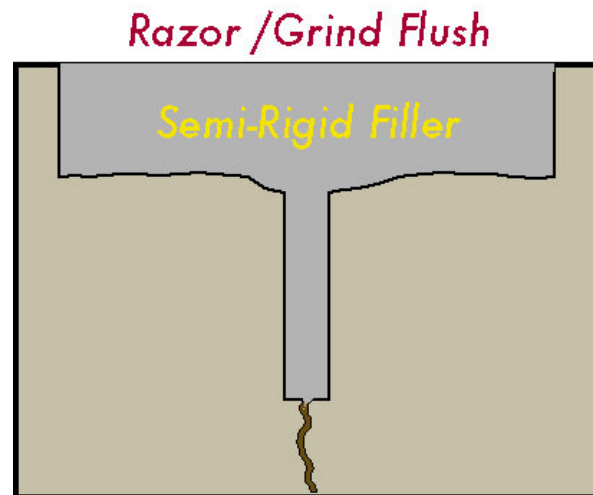
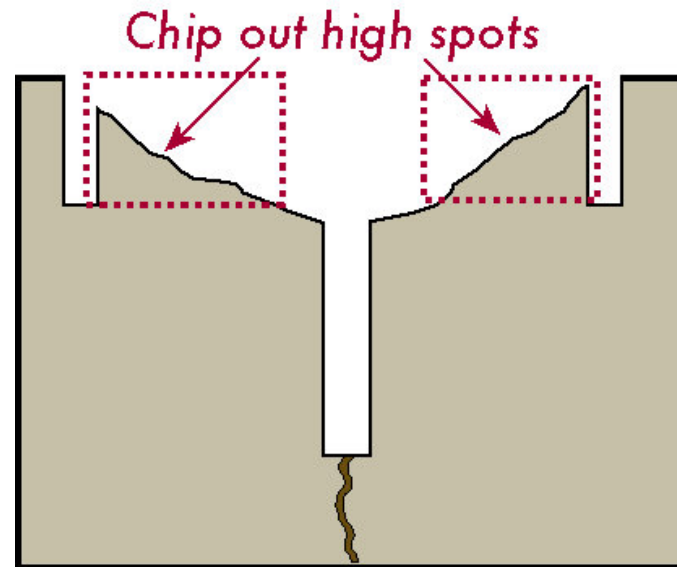
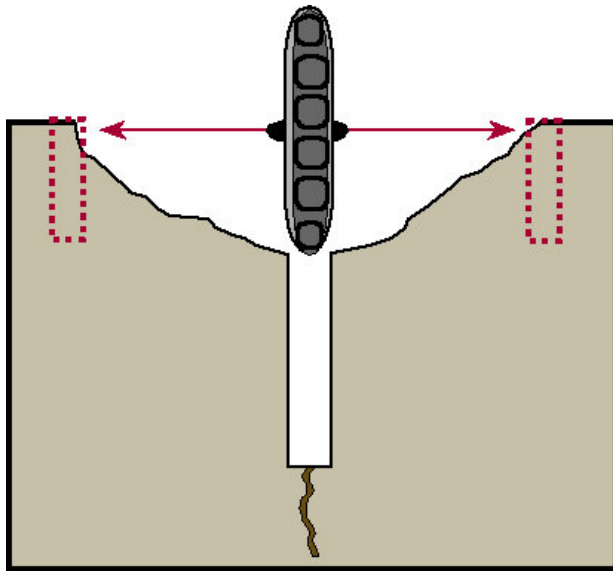
Potential for Moisture Reaction

- Some fillers may react with moisture***
- Moisture reaction can lead to air bubbles and/or compromised adhesion***

Solution:

Ensure GC/Owner defer scrubbing for 72 hours or longer prior to start of filling.

Joint Repair Less than 1"



Joint Repair Less than 1"

Clean/Prepare Joint for Filling

- Remove existing filler (if any) with dustless concrete saw***
- Saw cut behind spalled area to restore square edge to joint***



Joint Repair Less than 1"

Clean/Prepare Joint for Filling

- Remove any loose debris***
- Vacuum clean after saw cutting***

Joint Repair Less than 1”

***Remove all existing filler for
more uniform look...***



Joint Repair Less than 1”

Joint Filling

- ***Gradually fill prepared joint from bottom up with pre-colored semi-rigid polyurea/epoxy to avoid entrapping air***

Joint Repair Less than 1"

Joint Filling

- Slightly overfill joint, allow material to cure into solid***

A person wearing a black t-shirt and blue jeans is kneeling on a concrete floor. They are using a long-handled metal tool with a flat, wide blade to smooth a repair. The repair is a long, narrow groove filled with a light-colored material. The person is leaning forward, and their hands are on the tool. In the background, there are yellow and red markings on the floor. In the foreground, there are several large, yellow, corrugated hoses.

Joint Repair Less than 1"

Finishing the Repair

- Razor off or grind off overfill flush with floor surface

IMPORTANT!

***SHAVE TIMING AFFECTS
FINISHED PROFILE...***



***Consult manufacturer and test various
razor times to ensure flushest profile!***

Publix®

Finished Repair Example



Finished Repair Example

Joint Filler Separation or Concave Profile Repair



A close-up photograph showing a person's hands operating a hand-held diamond saw. The saw is being used to grind down a joint filler on a concrete surface. The person is wearing blue jeans and black work boots. A blue flexible hose is visible in the background. The text is overlaid on the image in yellow and white.

***Joint Filler Separation or
Concave Profile Repair***

*If existing filler is installed to proper depth:
Remove top ½" of existing filler*

*If filler is loose, installed shallow over dirt/backer rod, etc:
Remove filler completely*

Joint Filler Separation or Concave Profile Repair

Finishing the Repair

- Razor off or grind off overfill flush
with floor surface***



REMEMBER: AESTHETIC EXPECTATIONS FOR STAINED & POLISHED FLOOR REPAIRS WILL ALWAYS BE HIGH!



02.17.2010



ATTENTION TO DETAIL AND COLOR MATCHED REPAIR MATERIALS CAN HELP YOU BEST MEET EXPECTATIONS!