Structural Assessment Key to Returning Historic Union Depot to an Active Transportation Hub

ICRI 2012 Spring Convention Quebec City, QC, Canada

April 19, 2012

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Presentation Outline

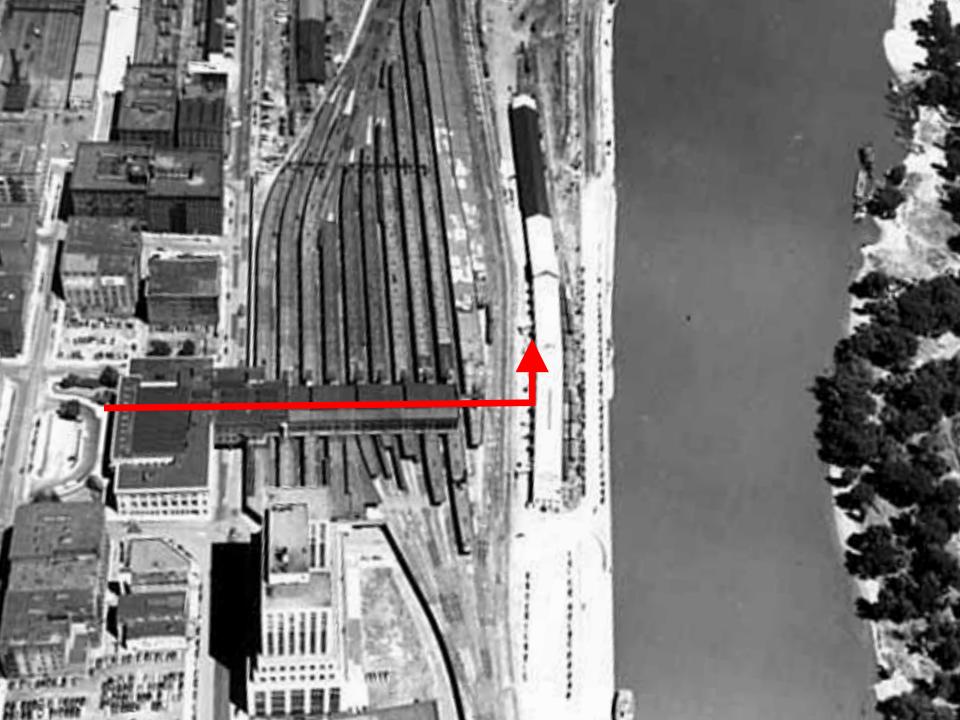
- History
- Rehabilitation Project Description
- Concrete Structure Assessment
- Concrete Repair Summary

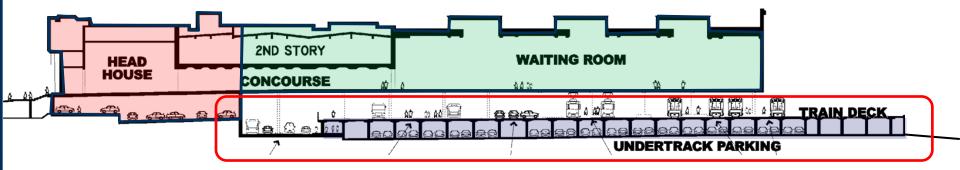
History

- Constructed: 1917-1926
- Train Service Ended: 1971
- National Register of Historic Places: 1974
- Converted to Postal Distribution Center: 1978
- Concrete Deck Repairs & Waterproofing: 1991
- Multimodal Transportation Hub: 2012









Postal Distribution Center Renovation - 1978

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Warner Road

ATTS STEEL

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UNION DEPOT HEAD HOUSE

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WAITING ROOM-

CONCOURSE -

TRAIN DECK —

Multimodal Transportation Hub Renovation

-

CONCOURSE - LEVEL PEDESTRIAN ACCESS

> DROP-OFF AND RIDE/ TAXI PARKING

> > - BUS TRANSFER

LRT CENTER PLATFORM

LRT CENTER PLATFORM

AMTRAK PLATFORMS-

COMMUTER RAIL PLATFORM -

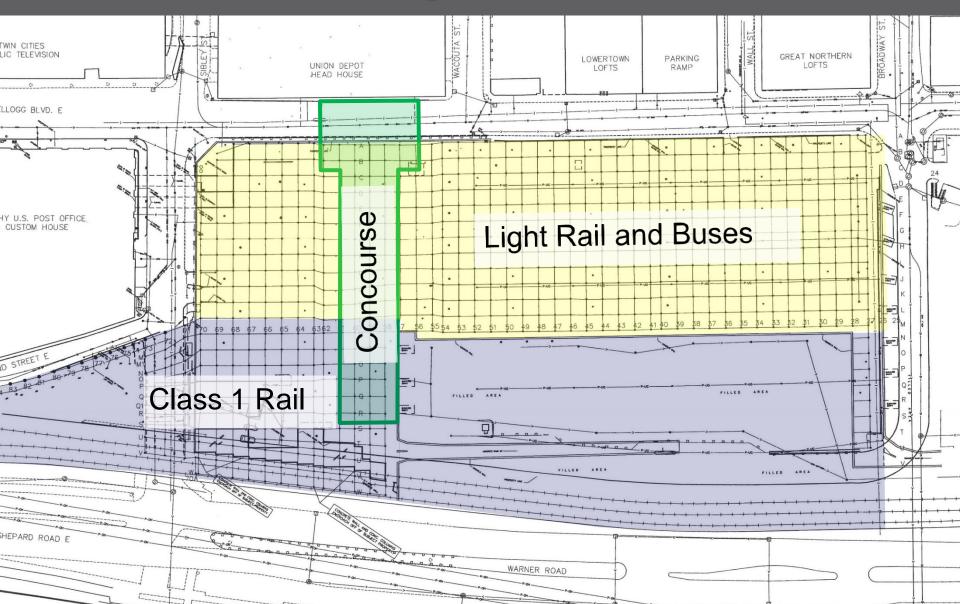
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ARKING

BICYCLE

AT-GRADE CROSSING KELLOGG BLVD AND BROADWAY STREET YARD AND SHOP

Transportation Hub Renovation Loadings



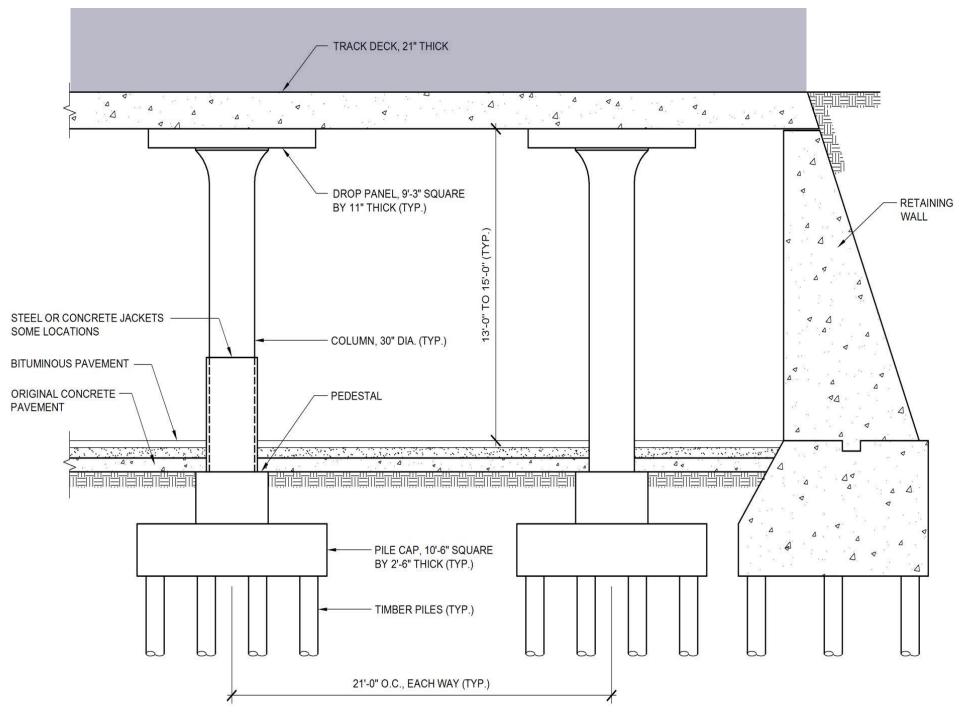
Structural Assessment

Two Fronts

Concrete Superstructure 250,000 SF Deck 600 Columns

Timber Pile Foundations 600 Concrete Pile Caps 9,000 Timber Piles

Concrete Superstructure



Concrete Assessment Objectives

- Determine overall condition of structure
- Assess structural adequacy for intended use
- Develop repair strategies
- Estimate repair quantities
- Evaluate anticipated future performance over 50-year service life

Accomplish above with limited investigation and in context that overall project is design-build with project GMP and structural repair budget already established.

Concrete Assessment Scope

- Field Investigation
 - Visual examination
 - Study areas/Field testing
 - Additional delamination survey
- Laboratory testing and materials evaluation
- Structural analysis and load rating
- Repair strategy development and repair quantity estimates

Field Investigation

- 1. 100% Visual Examination of Deck Underside
- Documented concrete condition in every bay
 - Types of deterioration, degrees of each, visual quantities of each
 - 100% visual mapping of deterioration
- Visual condition rating for all bays (0 to 4, with 4 being worst)

Train Deck Underside



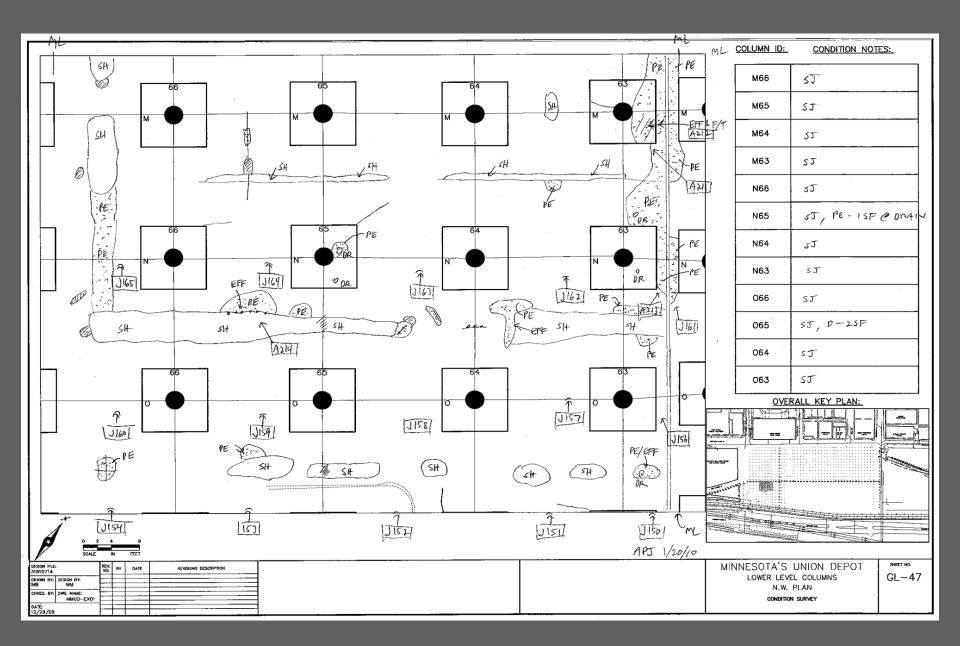
Along Construction Joints

Along Expansion Joints

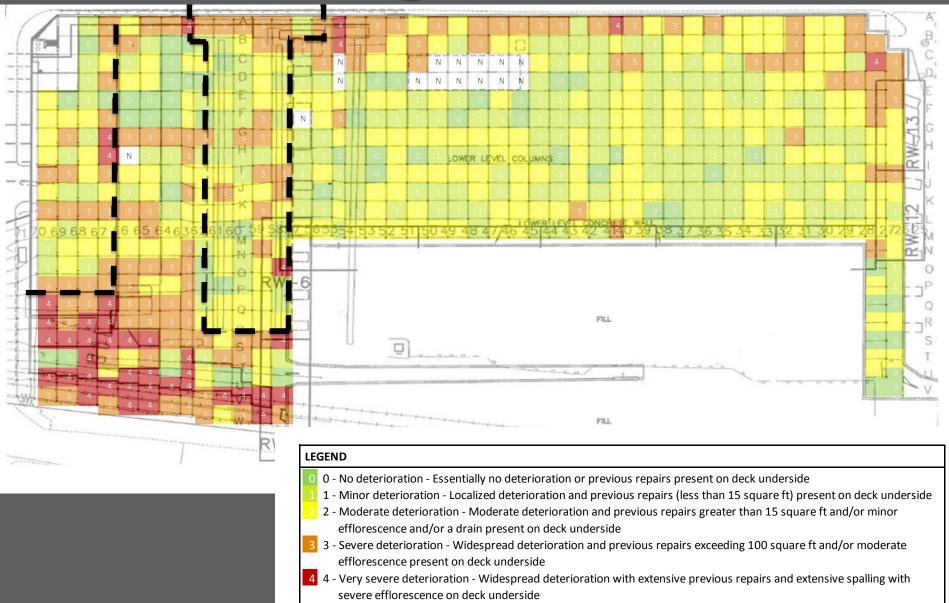
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Along Expansion Joints

At Exposed Edges



Visual Rating-Deck Underside



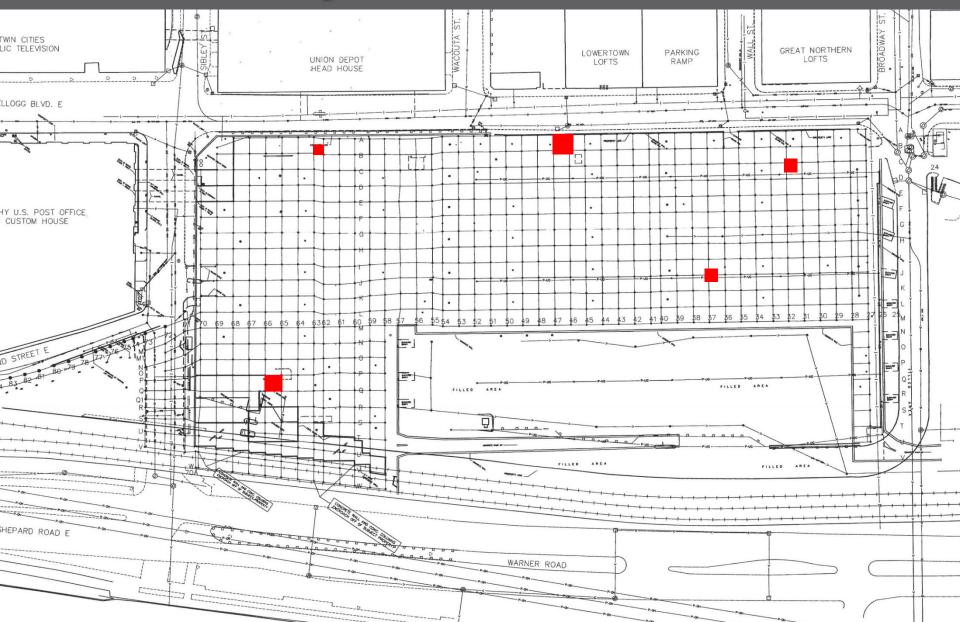
N - Did not inspect

Field Investigation

2A. Study Areas for Detailed Examination of Concrete:

- Selected based on underside visual survey
- Include range of conditions present
- Spatial distribution across site
- Typical and key atypical features
 - Previous shotcrete repairs
 - Construction joints
 - Expansion joints

Deck Study Areas





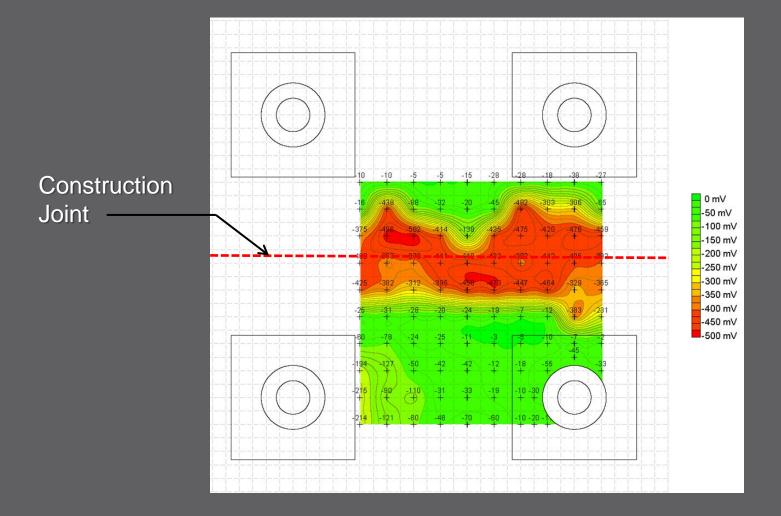
Field Investigation

2B. Field Testing At Each Deck Study Area:

- Delamination survey, close-up condition survey
- Reinforcing steel survey
- Half-cell potential survey, corrosion rate testing
- Depth of carbonation testing
- Excavation openings to examine reinforcement
- Concrete core and rebar sample removal



Half-cell Potential Testing



Field Investigation

3. Additional Sounding of Representative Areas

- Include range of visual ratings
- Previous shotcrete repairs
- Expansion joints
- Construction joints
- Cracks

Proved beneficial in estimating extent of deterioration and repair quantities



Field Investigation

<u>4. Columns</u>

- Visual survey
- Limited hammer sounding
- Document different jackets and covers
- Investigation openings to expose rebar
- Investigation pits down to pile caps
- Field testing
- Sample extraction

Challenge: Different jacket types around column bases

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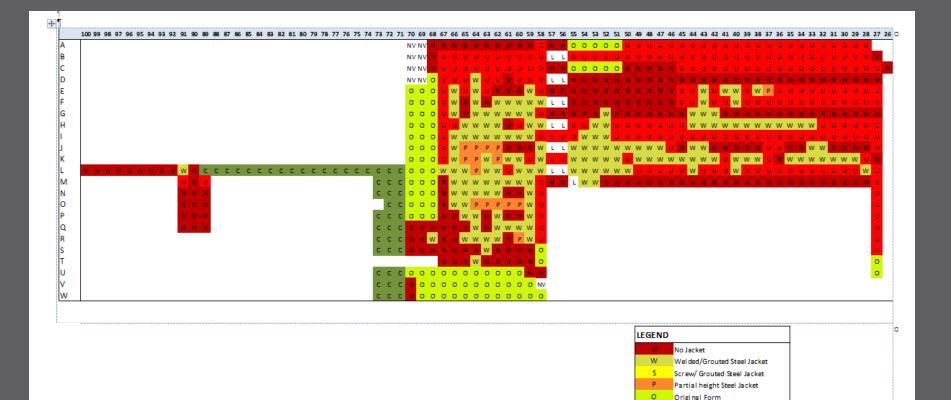
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Column Jacket Types



Concrete Jacket

Not visible

Wall

Screw/ Ungrouted Steel Cover

C

NV

L

Column Bases





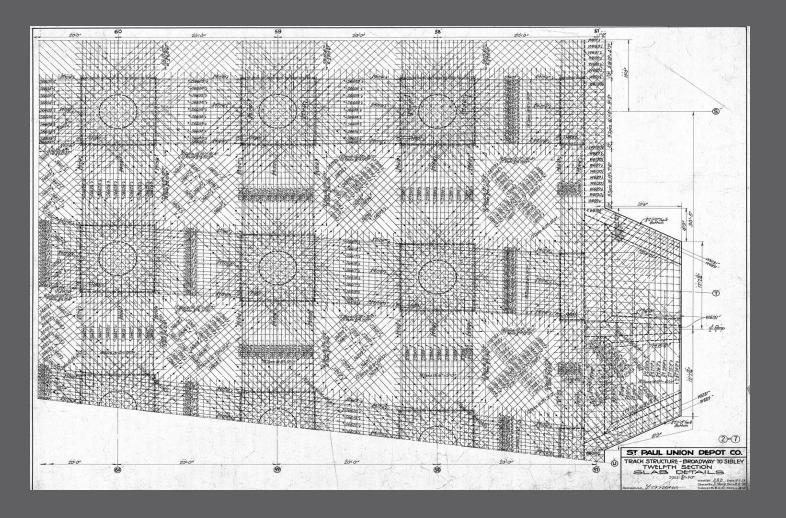
Laboratory Analysis

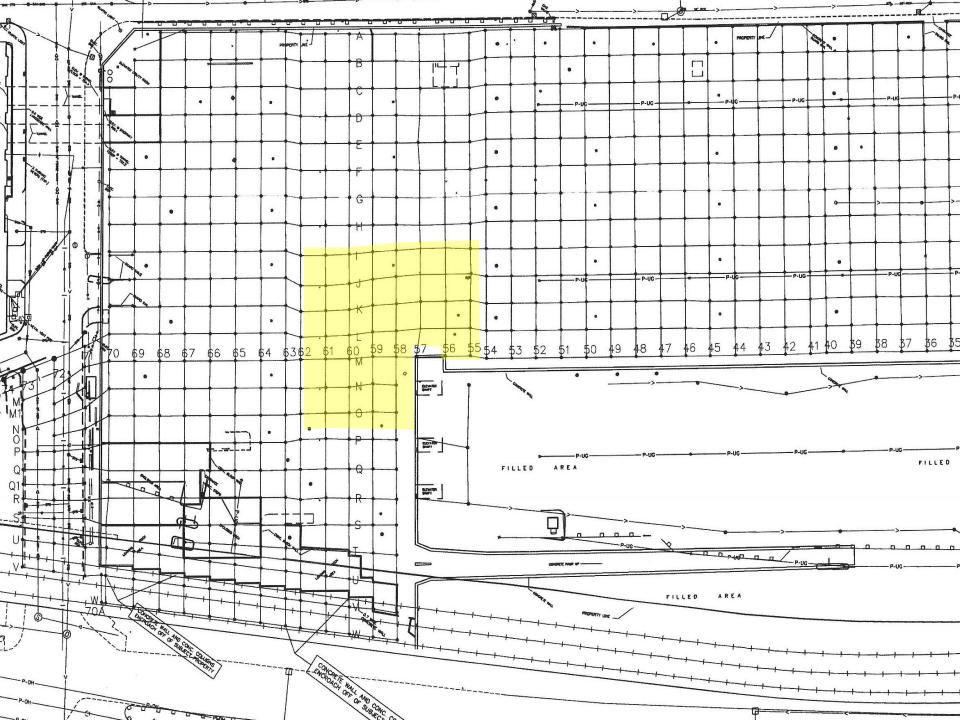
Deck and Columns

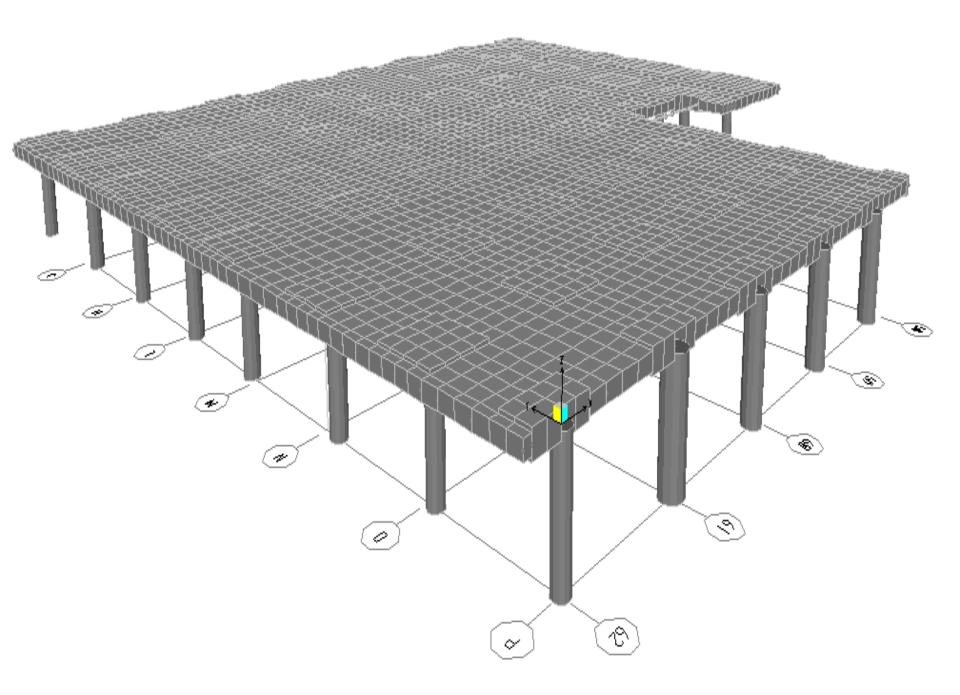
- Compressive strength tests
- Carbonation depth
- Chloride content testing
- Petrographic examination
- Reinforcing steel strength testing

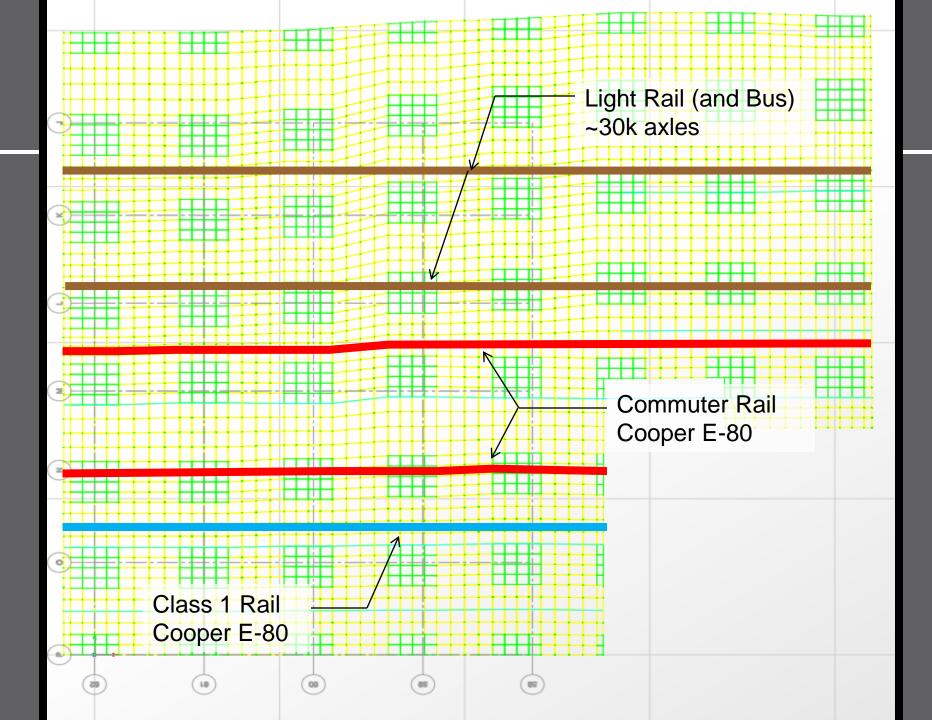
Data used for strength evaluation, durability assessment, and repair strategy development

Structural Review & Load Rating









Structural Review & Load Rating

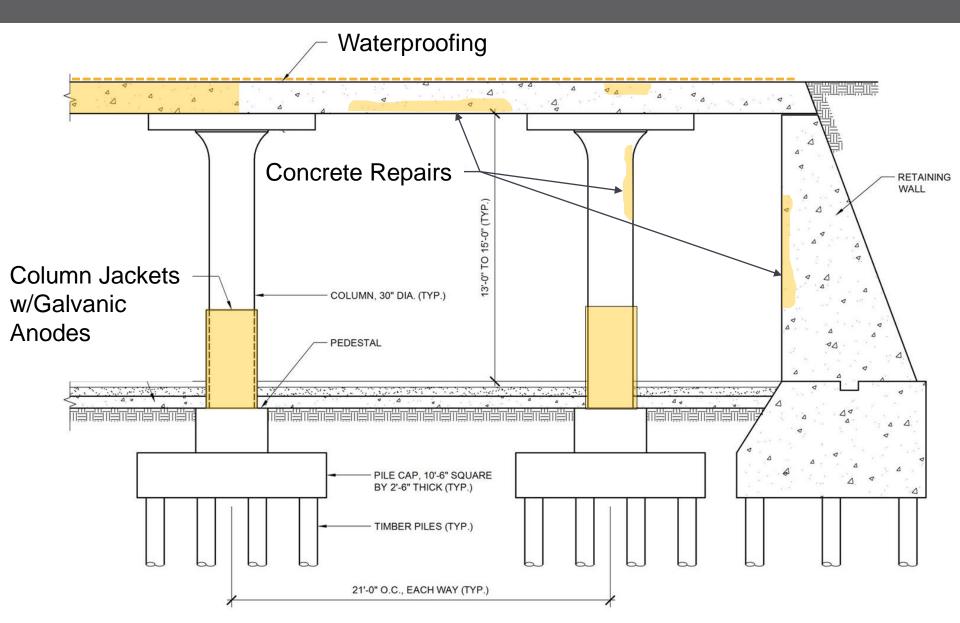
• Deck:

- Not Cooper E-80, more like E-60
- Adequate for Amtrak and Commuter Rail

Columns:

- Adequate strength
- Reserve capacity
- No strengthening required

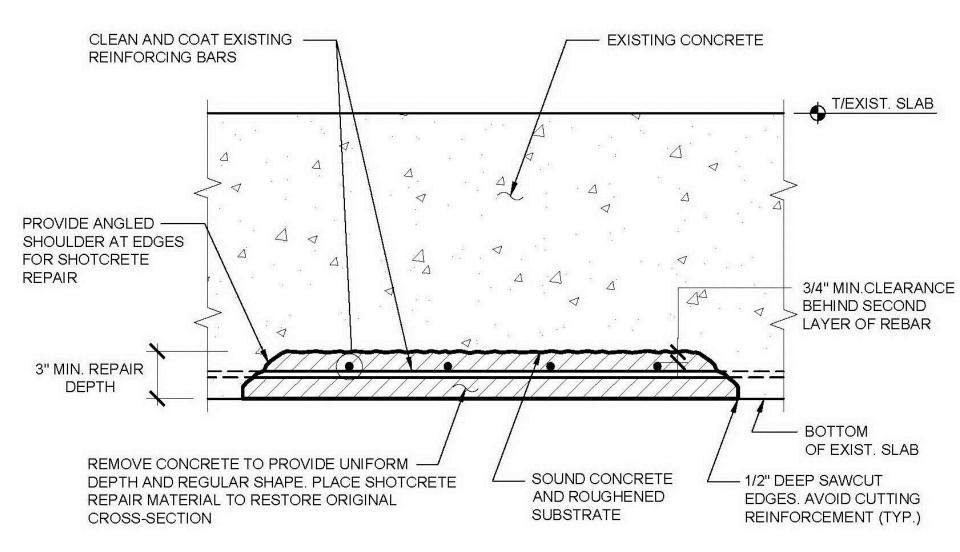
Concrete Repairs



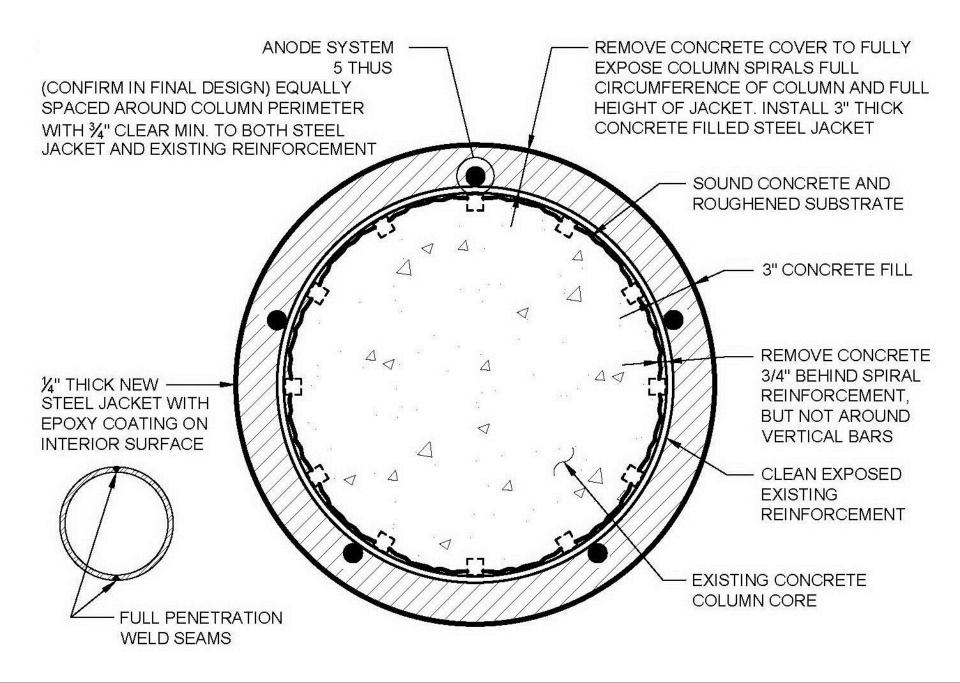
Concrete Repairs

- Desired Service Life: 50 years
- Deck Topside:
 - Localized repairs and waterproofing
- Deck Underside:
 - Corrosion mitigation methods required for 50 years
 - Service life estimated at 15-20 years without mitigation
 - Maintenance repairs at 15-20 year frequency
- Columns:
 - Jackets w/galvanic corrosion protection













Repair Quantity Development

Deck Underside Concrete Repair Quantities Estimated with algorithms that were based on:

- Visual rating
- Previous shotcrete repair area
- Visible spalls and delamination area
- Anticipated repair area growth
- -->Actual quantities 95% of estimate
 Deck Topside: Conventional extrapolation
 Deck Full Depth: Areas visually identified
 Column Bases: 100% new jackets

Summary

Structural assessment methodology provided:

- Extent of deterioration and cause
- Reliable concrete repair quantity estimates
- Confidence repairs could be delivered within budget

Repair strategies engineered to:

- Restore structural integrity
- Enhance durability
- Preserve the structure

Historic Union Depot modernized to an active transportation hub for the next 50 years

Questions?