

# Unique Application of Epoxy Repair Gel to Eliminate Draft-Tube Surface Wear and Cavitation Potentially Improving Turbine Power Generation Efficiency



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# PROJECT DESCRIPTION

- Grand Coulee Dam, Western Washington state
- Largest hydroelectric dam in Western Hemisphere
- Turbine Unit #23 – current contract (3 Turbines)
- Complete refurbishment of Powerhouse #3 – a three-year project in total (GC - Andritz-Hydro)
- Draft tube repairs / resurfacing – added to general scope of turbine refurbishment

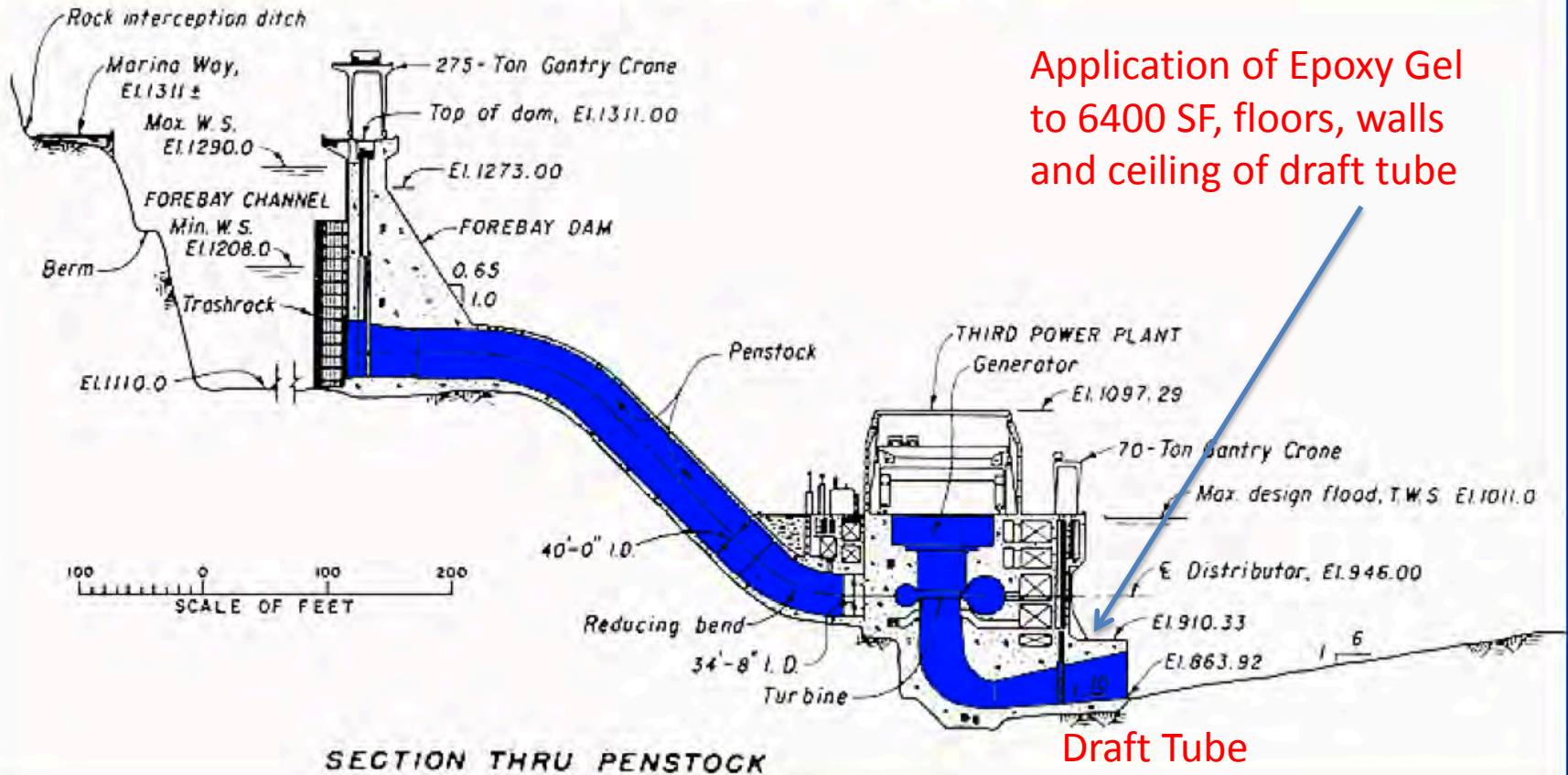
# Grand Coulee Dam

## Pacific Northwest, Washington



# Cross-Section Sketch

## Grand Coulee Dam Third Powerhouse Cross Section



# Site Specific Challenges

- 230 feet down for access to draft tube
- Access only by lift/basket hoist for all tools, materials, manpower
- 55 degree °F work environment
- No solvents allowed (for cleaning tools, potential automated application equipment)
- Confined space safety requirements
- Concrete walls under extreme water pressure - tried to inject water stop, hydraulic cements, other polyurethane products
- Some areas were left unrepaired / coated as a result of steady leaks



# Bureau of Reclamation

## Product Evaluation Criterion

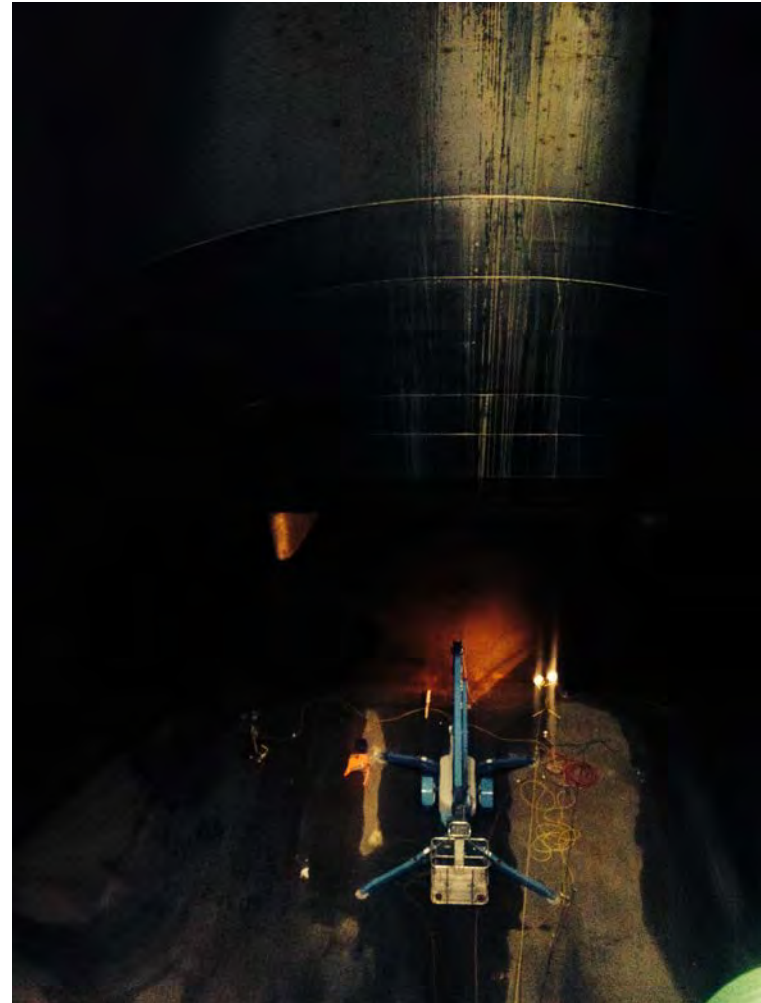
- Good Bond Strength – *especially* to damp surfaces
- Minimal surface prep requirements
- Good compressive & tensile strengths
- Smoothness / good flow characteristics
- Extensive testing and evaluations conducted of over 50 products
- Conclusions led to an Epoxy Gel and a single cementitious option
  - Cementitious – thickness issue as application was only a “skim-coat” – average ½” thickness
  - May require application of a mesh base

# EPOXY GEL

## KEY PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- Tensile Strength: 1810 psi
- Shore Hardness: 80
- Tensile Elongation: 10%
- Compressive Strength: 6170 psi
- Bond Strength (properly prepared concrete): >1000 psi
- No priming required – single step application
- EPOXY GEL MC - @55°F – 60 minutes working time, 48 hours full cure

# Interesting Access Challenges





# Field Conditions

- Extremely deep wear/erosion from abrasion on entire concrete surface
  - $\frac{1}{2}$ " to  $\frac{3}{4}$ " deep linear wear lines, over entire 6400 SF surface, 40" x 40' x (4) surfaces
  - Holes, severe surface wear
  - Dirt and debris deeply impregnated in surface
- Potential cavitation from draft tube outflow
  - Back-pressure on water flow exiting from turbine
- Poor flow characteristics due to cavitation
  - Hazen-Williams friction factor

# Initial Site Inspection



# Concrete Surface Restoration

- Surface Preparation Options
  - Acid Etching – Not allowed!
    - Environmental concerns for outflow to river
    - Confined space considerations
  - Shot Blasting
    - Difficult equipment, sand + solid waste generated
  - Diamond Grinding
    - Sparks, safety, confined space rules, “Hot Work”
  - High Pressure Washing – Chosen Method
    - Minimum 4000 psi
    - Relatively easy method
    - Little to no waste, only water and some solids
    - Convenient / lower skill level
    - Tested with pull test apparatus to confirm

# High Pressure Water Blasting



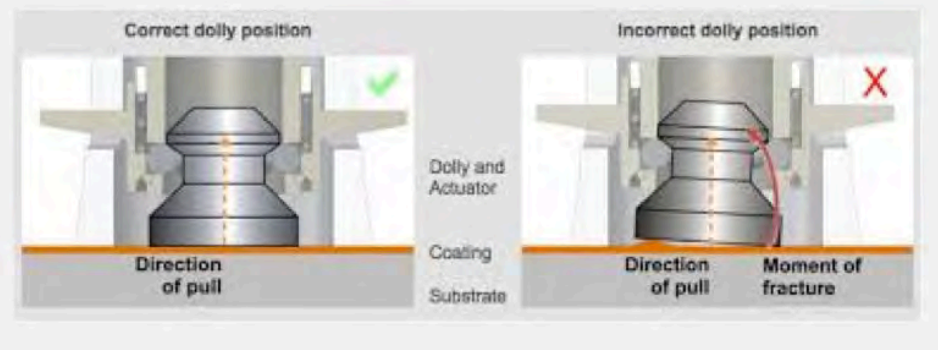
# Final Surface Preparation Prior to Application of Epoxy Gel

- Air lance – used to blow out remaining “liquid water”, dampness is OK.
- Temperature control – not an issue, a steady 55°F / product selection took into account
- Additional need to water-plug leaks from cracks and fissures in concrete walls –
  - Polyurethane resin – not 100% effective

# Bond Strength Characteristics

- Medium Cure (MC) Epoxy – initial cure time 14-16 hours at 55°F / full cure after 48 hours
- Achieves maximum bond strength after 48 hours
- Bare, prepped concrete typically fails at 360-480 psi
- EPOXY GEL – failed at 460 psi, sheered at concrete NOT epoxy interface

# Failure Mode Pull Testing Devices (Elcometer™)



# Pull Tests on Prepared Bare Concrete

## Header

Andritz Hydro      Draft Tube Adhesion Test: Concrete Only      Test Date: 12/16/13

Three (3) 50mm dia. test dollies were placed in the following areas:

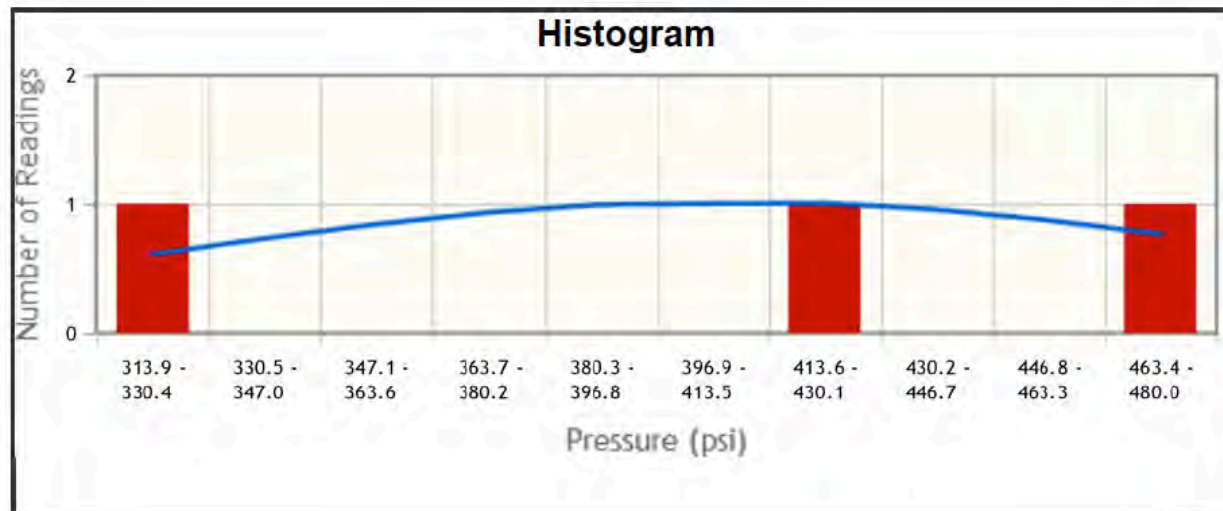
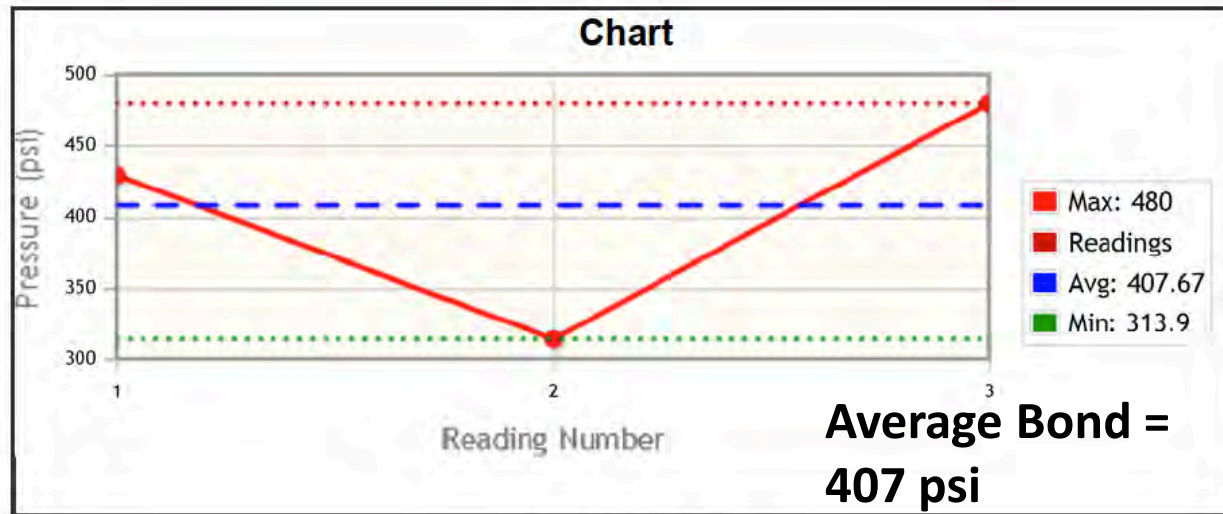
- 1.) North Wall
- 2.) North Pier
- 3.) South Pier

## Summary

	#	$\bar{x}$	$\sigma$	↓	↑
Exist Concrete	3	407.67	85.10	313.9	480.0



# Pull Tests on Prepared Bare Concrete



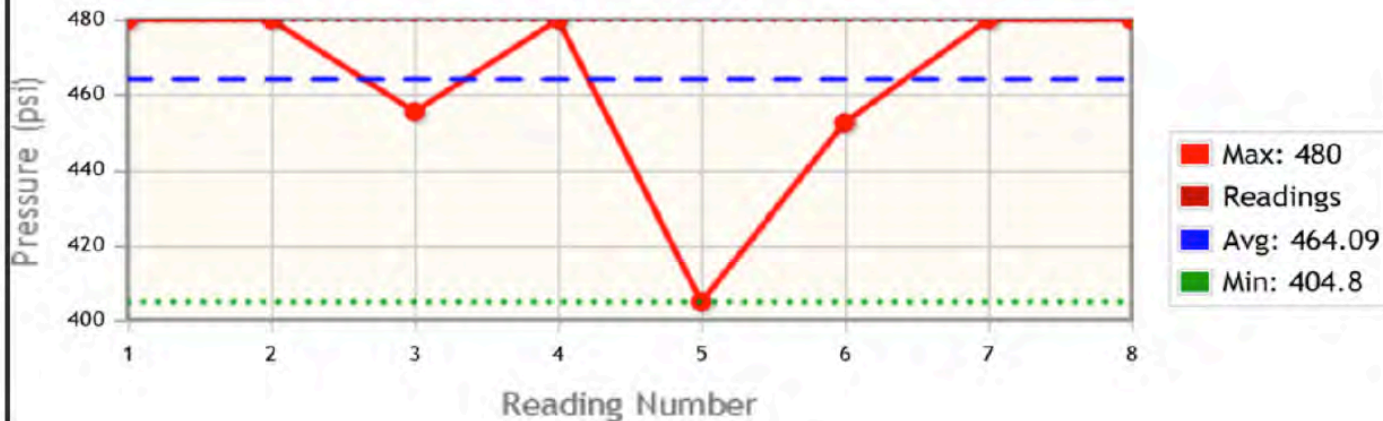
# Table of Bond Strength Testing Epoxy Gel over Prepped Concrete

## Readings

Reading #	psi	Ignore	Notes
1	480.0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rate 8.0 psi/sec, Dur. 57.66 sec, Dolly 50 mm.
2	480.0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rate 8.0 psi/sec, Dur. 57.66 sec, Dolly 50 mm.
3	455.4	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rate 8.0 psi/sec, Dur. 54.68 sec, Dolly 50 mm.
4	480.0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rate 8.0 psi/sec, Dur. 57.66 sec, Dolly 50 mm.
5	404.8	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rate 8.0 psi/sec, Dur. 48.40 sec, Dolly 50 mm.
6	452.5	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rate 8.0 psi/sec, Dur. 54.30 sec, Dolly 50 mm.
7	480.0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rate 8.0 psi/sec, Dur. 57.60 sec, Dolly 50 mm.
8	480.0	<input type="checkbox"/>	Rate 8.0 psi/sec, Dur. 57.60 sec, Dolly 50 mm.

**Average Bond =  
464 psi  
(concrete failed)**

## Chart

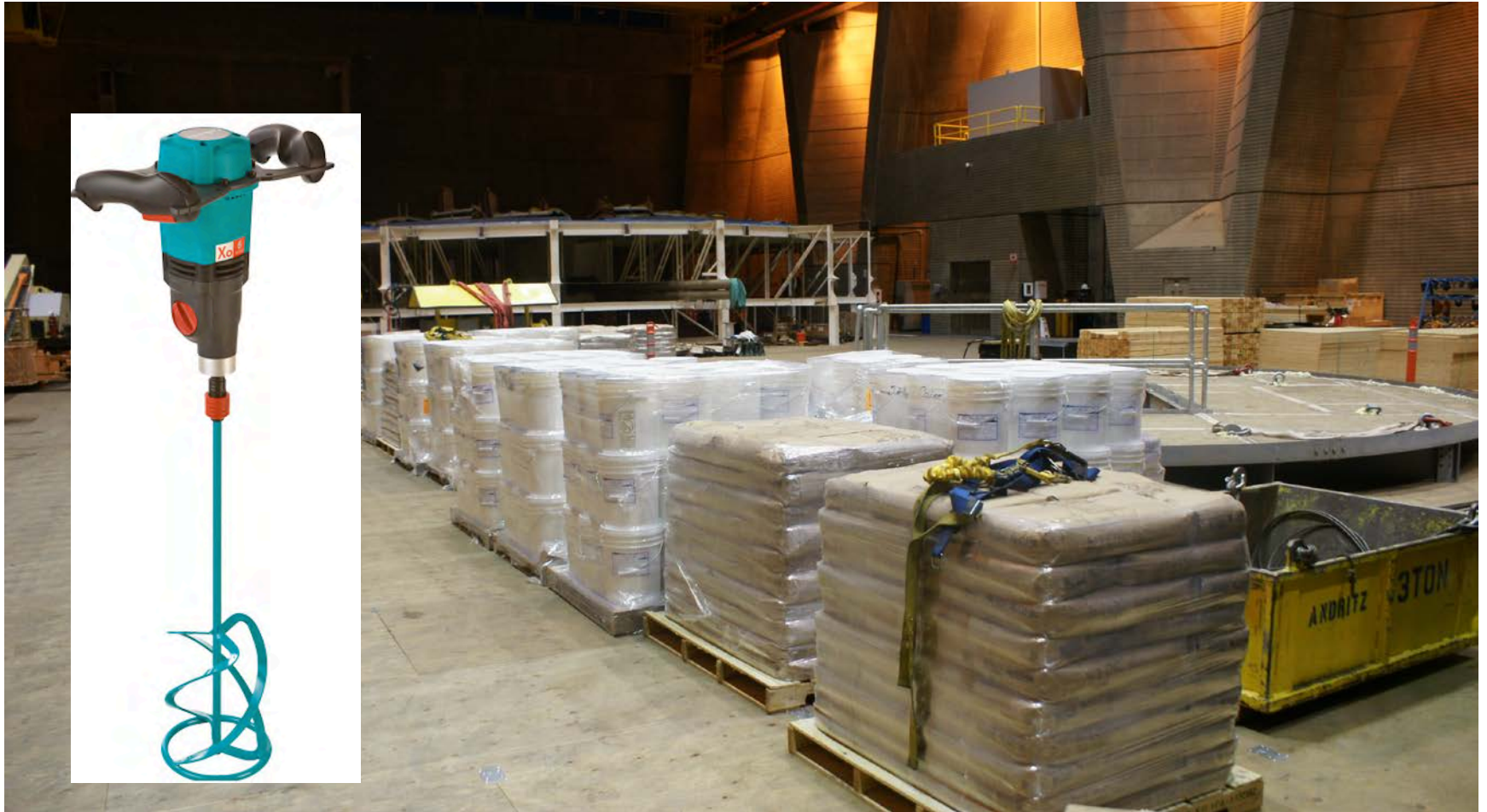


# TEST DOLLIES



12/18/2013

# Small Batches –Most Efficient Hand Power Tool Batch Mixed



# Potential Automated Application Equipment



# Main Water Gate to Columbia River 40' x 40'



# Application of Epoxy Gel



# Application of Epoxy Gel





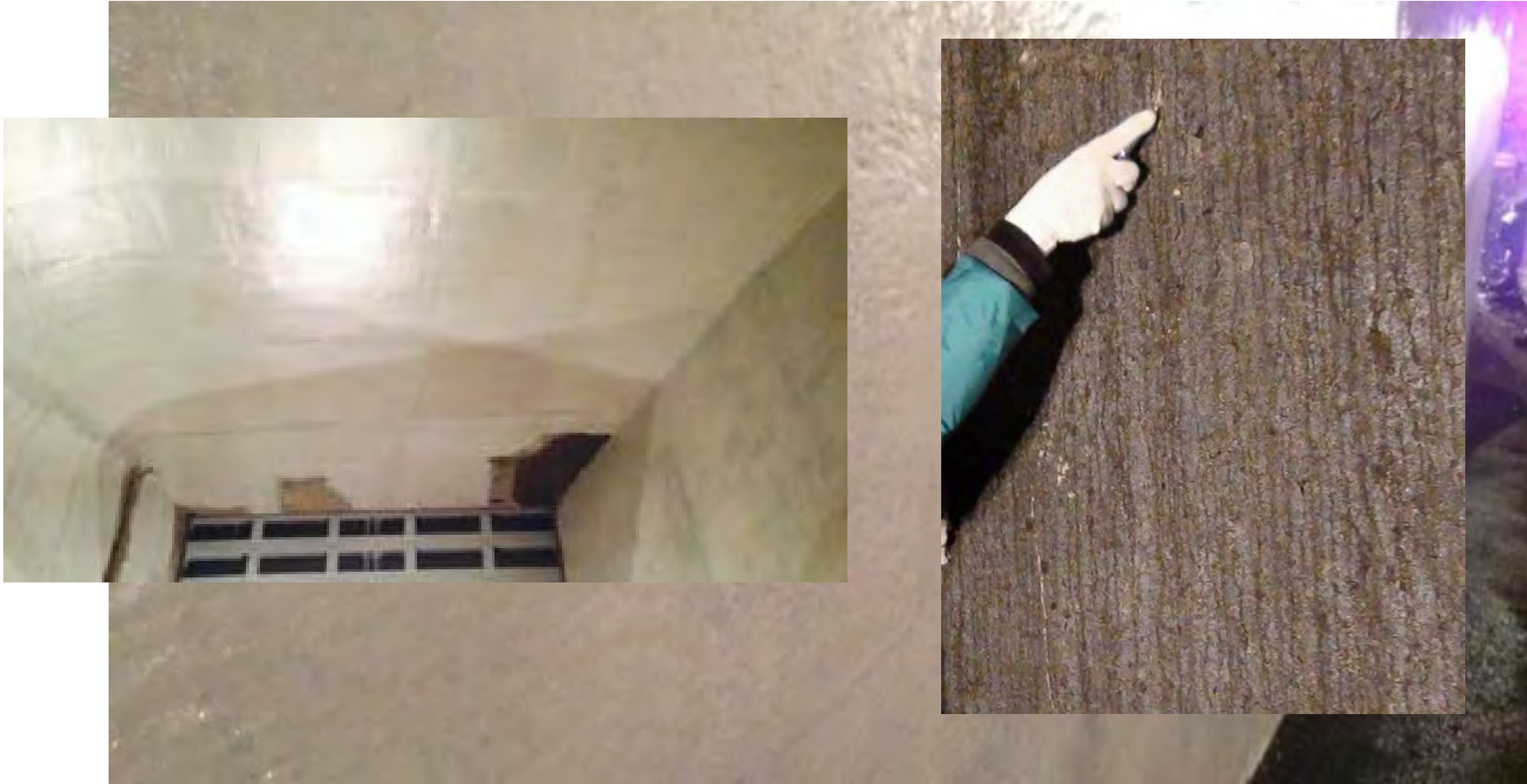
# Man-lift Access Application



# Draft Tube Completed



# Completed Application



# Other Applications of Epoxy Gel

- Any location where concrete has bug holes, excessive wear, cleanable surface desired
- Any thickness is possible – 100% solids, not solvent or air- cured, NO odor
- Berms, containment curbs
- Filler prior to application of top coats
- Cove base fabrication
- Overhead repairs, bridge underpasses
- Dam spillway surfaces

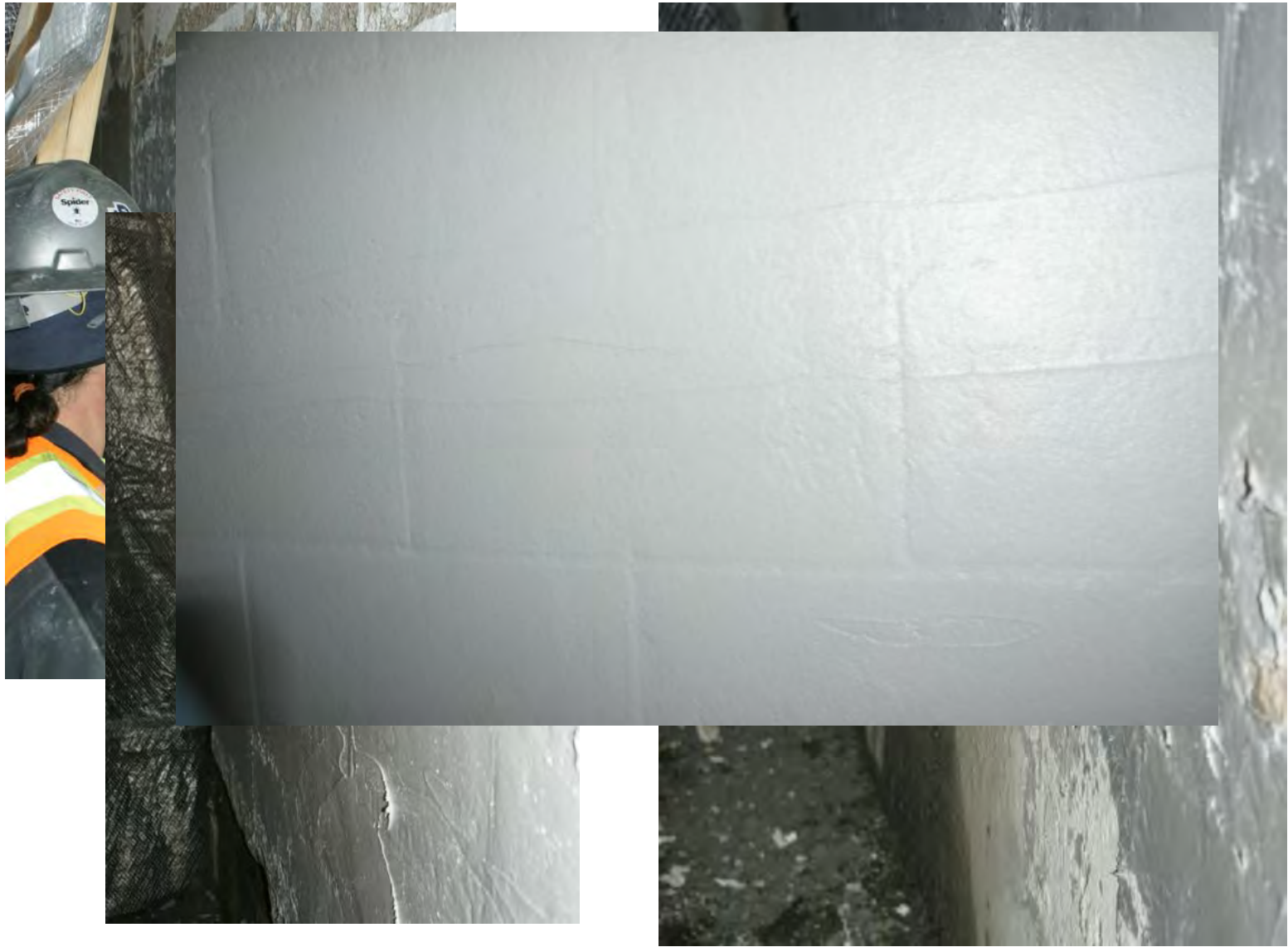
# Colorado CDOT Bridge Repair



# UPPER STILLWATER DAM



# Dairy Facility - Indoor Concrete Block Repair



# Dairy Facility – Outdoor Concrete Block Repair





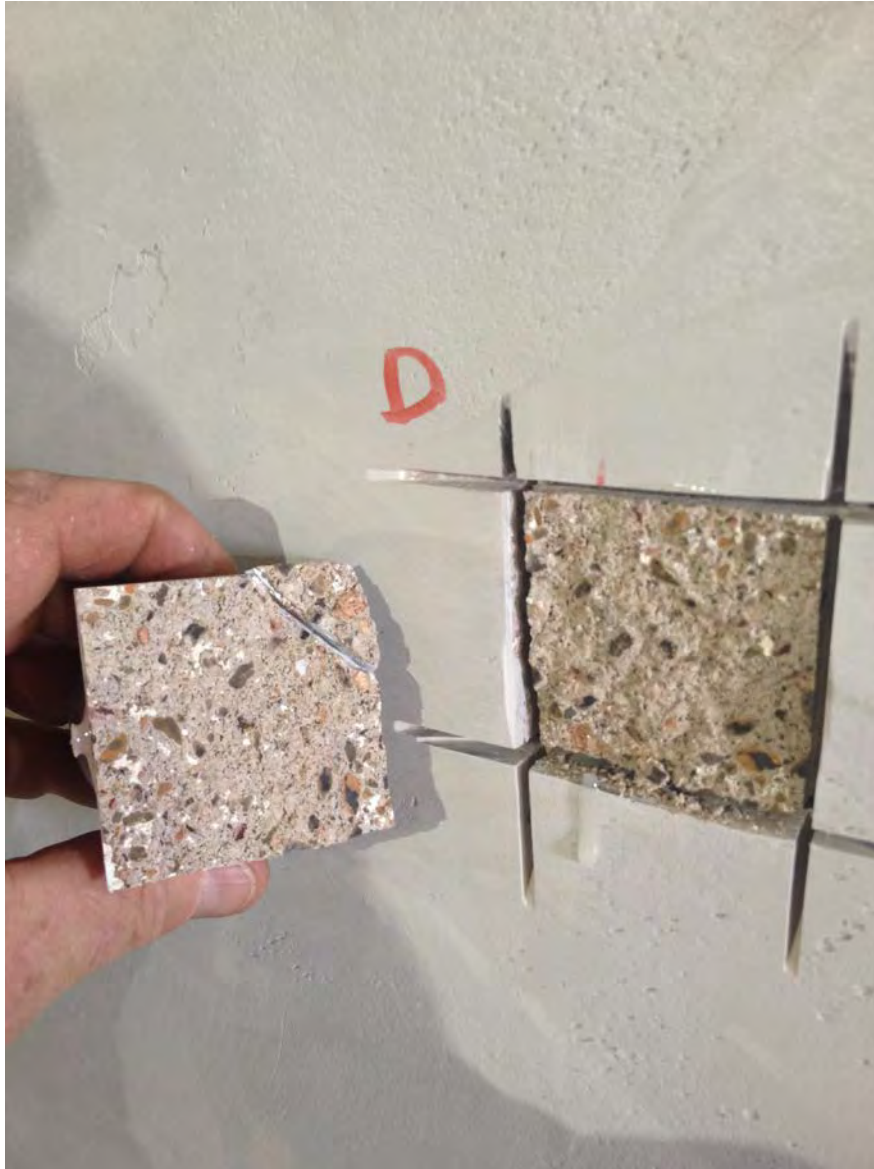
# Dairy Facility – Outdoor Concrete Block Repair



# Dairy Facility – Outdoor Concrete Block Repair



# Dairy Facility – Outdoor Concrete Block Repair



Elcometer™ Pull Test  
Concrete Failure @ 380 psi  
Bond Strength of Epoxy Gel  
Was Adequate – Note Concrete  
Present on Surface

# Conclusions

- Coating concrete surface of Draft Tube with Epoxy Gel - wear prevention is greatly improved by the presence of an epoxy repair compound
- Potentially and intuitively, with better friction flow characteristics, the generator output *should* be improved.....very difficult to quantify since so many other factors also improved-
  - Bearings, windings, major equipment overhaul etc.
- BOR confident in the outcome - proceeding with second unit this month and third in 2017-18
- Brief Video of Installation
- Questions?

# THANK YOU!

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