Case Study: The Sarcee — Trans-Canada Highway Overpass Rehabilitation

Robbe Drugmand, M.Eng., E.I.T. Design Engineer

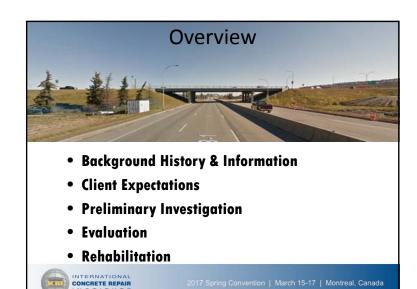
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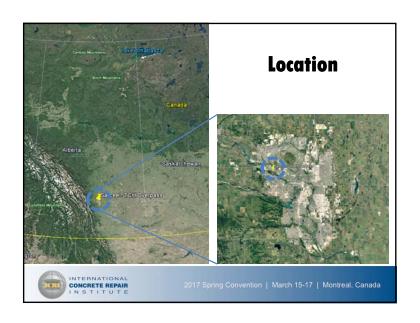


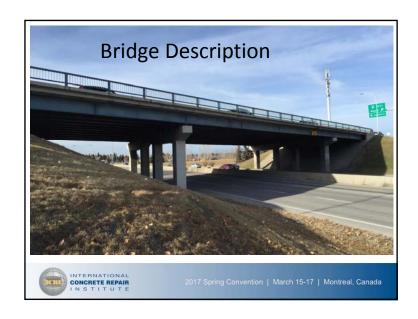


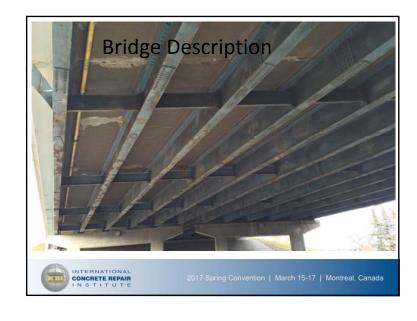
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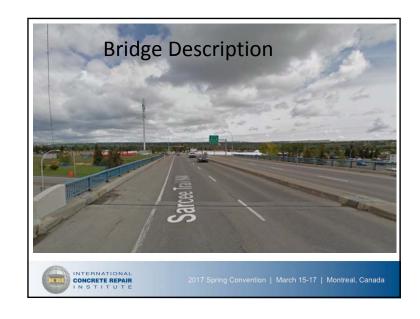




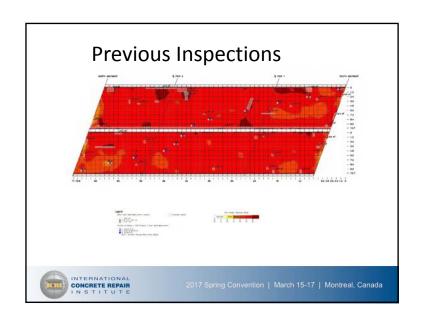




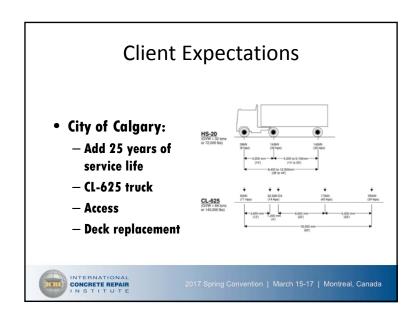


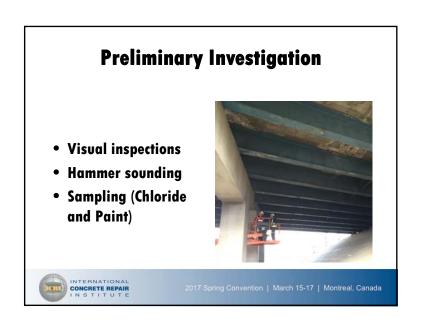




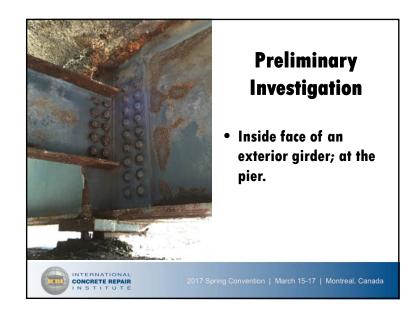


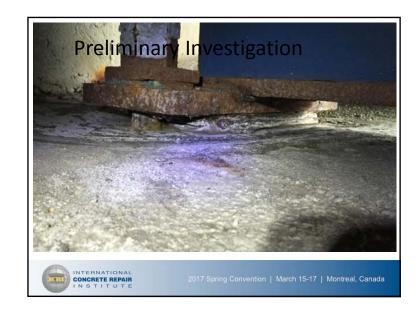


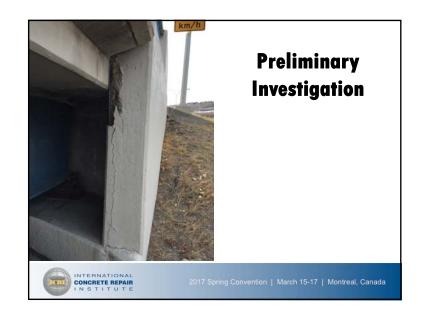


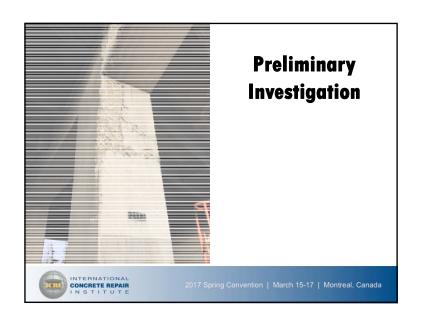


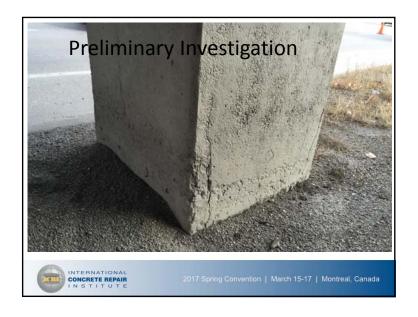










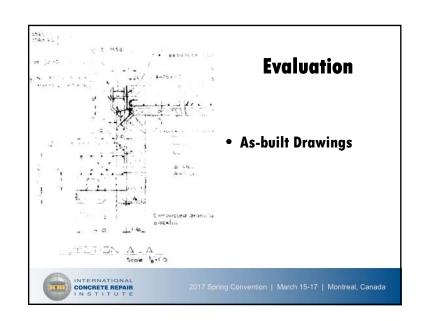


Evaluation

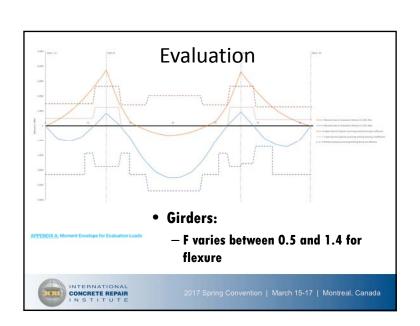
- CHBDC 2014 vs. AASHTO 1961
- Higher Loads:
 - +40mm Asphalt
 - +50mm Concrete
 - Concrete Barriers
 - CI-625
- 5 lanes vs. 6



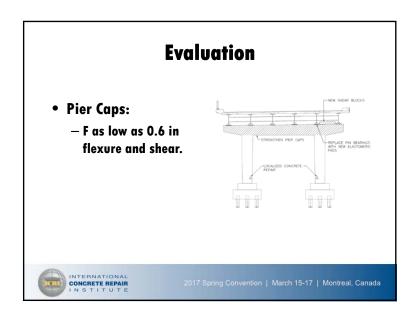
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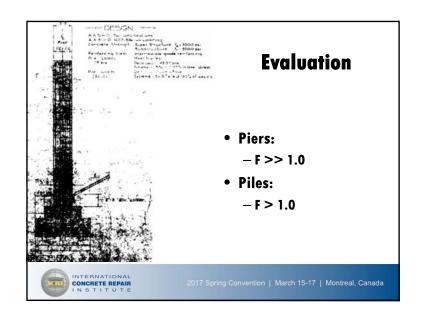


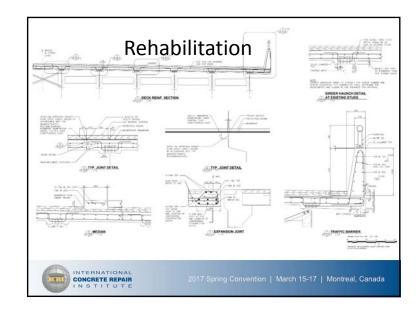
Evaluation • Looked at: — Girders, Bearings, Piers, Piles, Abutments, ... • Did not consider: — Bearings — Deck 2017 Spring Convention | March 15-17 | Montreal, Canada

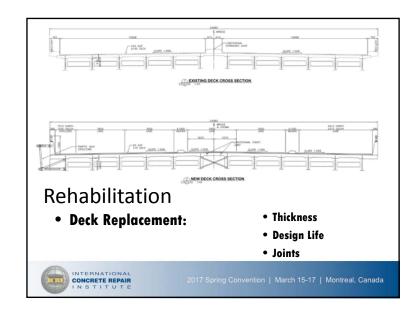


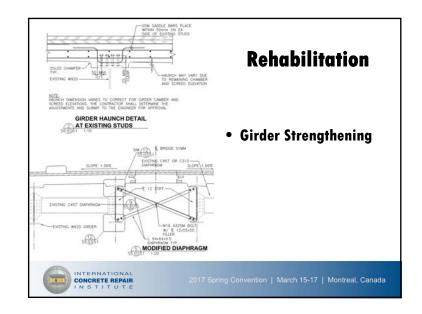
• The Live Load Capacity Factor $F = \frac{UR_r - \Sigma \alpha_D D - \Sigma \alpha_A A}{\alpha_t L(1+I)}$ • If less than 1.0, necessitates an upgrade.

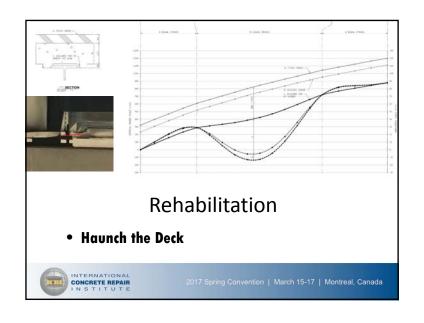


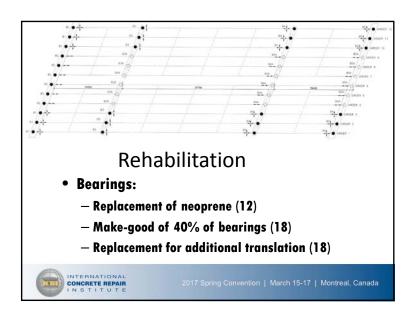




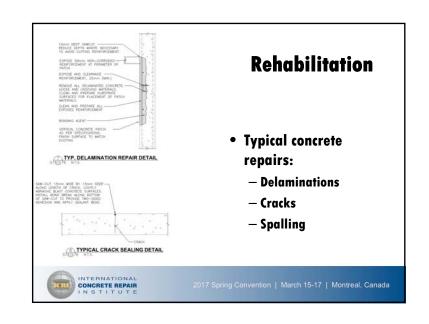


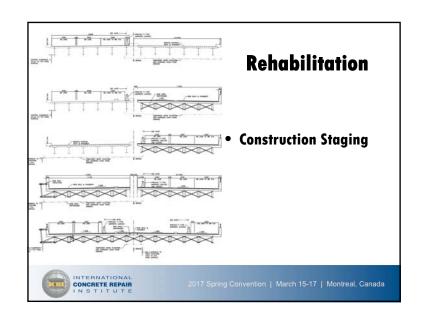


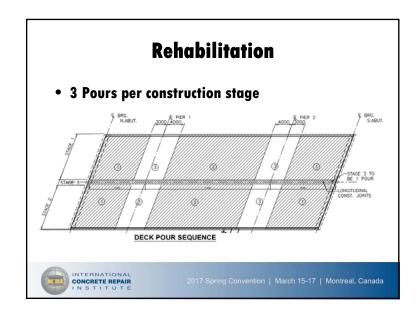












Thank You

QUESTIONS?

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